**1. El vocabulario- Vocabulary: Hobbies- Pasatiempos**

1. **¿Cuál es tu pasatiempo favorito?** What is your favorite hobby? **Mi pasatiempo favorito es**…. My favorite hobby is…
2. **¿Cuales son tus pasatiempos favoritos?** What are your favorite hobbies? **Mis pasatiempos favoritos son**… My hobbies are…
3. **¿Qué haces los fines de semana?** What do you do on weekends?
4. **¿Tienes planes para este fin de semana?** Do you have plans for this weekend?
5. **¿Qué te gusta hacer en tu tiempo libre?** What do you like to do in your free time? **Me gusta**… I like…

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| ***Los pasatiempos*** | **Hobbies** |
| *tiempo libre* | free time |
| *las actividades* | activities |
| *ir de compras* | to go shopping |
| *ir al cine* | to go to a movie |
| *acampar* | to camp |
| *viajar* | to travel |
| *ver a un amigo* | to see a friend |
| *ver la tele/una película* | to watch TV/a movie |
| *bailar* | to dance |
| *cocinar* | to cook |
| *hornear* | to bake |
| *coser* | to sew |
| *tejer* | to knit |
| *escuchar música* | to listen to music |
| *dibujar* | to draw |
| *tomar/sacar fotos* | to take pictures |
| *tocar la guitarra/el piano* | to play the guitar/piano |
| *jugar al ajedrez* | to play chess |
| *pescar* | to fish |
| *trabajar en jardín/hacer jardineria* | to work in the garden/gardening |

1. ***El Vocabulario* – Vocabulary:**

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| *las rompecabezas* | puzzles |
| *los juegos de la mesa* | board games |
| *la fotografía* | photography |
| *las cartas* | cards |
| *las artes marciales* | martial arts |
| *el arte* | art |
| *los documentales* | documentaries |
| *las revistas* | newspapers |
| *los videojuegos* | videogames |

**Practice the weather, months, and seasons comprehensively with the hobbies vocabulary with following conversation phrases:**

* ***¿Qué te gusta hacer en el invierno?***
* ***¿Qué te gusta hacer cuando hace calor?***

**5. Conjugation Interesar, gustar, encantar verbs: (to indicate affinity for activities) \*General Pattern: Indirect object pronoun + conjugated verb + object** [**Video me gusta**](about:blank)Table

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The verb ***gustar*** means “to please”. Use it to express that someone ***likes*** something. This verb conjugation pattern works for *encantar* (to love) and *interesar* (to be interested in).

**Practice by translating these sentences into Spanish.**

1. **He is interested in playing chess.**
2. **I love to bake cookies.**
3. **We like to play board games.**
4. **Do you love to travel?**

**Negatives:** To answer a question negatively in Spanish, you often use *no* twice.



The first *no* answers the question. The second *no* is used to express don’t .

In spanish you do use double negatives.

* ¿Te gusta nadar? No, **no** me gusta. Do you like to swim? No I **don´t.**
* ¿Te gusta cantar? No, **no** me gusta **nada**. Do you like to sing? No I **don´t** like it **at all**
* **No** me gusta **ni** bailar *ni* cantar. I **don´t** like **neither** dancing **nor** singing.

**Expressing agreement or disagreement:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Type of statement | Example | You agree | You disagree |
| Positive | Me gusta trabajar | A mí **también** | A mí **no** me gusta |
| Negative | No me gusta trabajar | A mí **tampoco** | A mí **sí** me gusta |

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| --- | --- |
| **Frases infinitivas** | **Infinitive phrases** |
| (A mí) me gusta | I like |
| (A mí) me gusta más | I like better |
| (A mí) me gusta mucho | I like a lot |
| (A mí) no me gusta | I don´t like |
| (A mí) no me gusta nada | I don´t like it at all |
| (A mí) no me gusta ni….. ni…… | I don´t like neither….. nor……. |

**Gusta = singular Gustan = plural**

A mi me gusta + infinitive verb A mi no me gusta + Infinitive verb

A mi me gusta **hacer** ejercicio A mi no me gusta **hacer** ejercicio

1. ¿Qué te gusta hacer? What do you like to do?

2. ¿Qué no le gusta hacer? What does he/she don´t like to do?

3.¿Qué te gusta más? What do you like better?

4. ¿Te gusta………? Do you like?

5. ¿Y a tí? And you?

6. ¿Te gustaría ir a………? Would you like to go to……?

**Conversation and practice:** Translate the sentences below and include the correct conjugations.

*Example: Le \_\_\_\_\_ aprender español. (interesar)*

*interesa~ She is interested in learning Spanish.*

1. *Nos \_\_\_\_\_\_ los videojuegos. (encantar)*
2. *Me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ leer tres libros al mes. (interesar)*
3. *¿Quién le\_\_\_\_\_ los documentales? (gustar)*
4. *¿Le \_\_\_\_\_\_ los deportes? (interesar)*
5. *No me \_\_\_\_\_\_ las artes marciales. (gustar)*

*Más practica: Identify the subject(s) of the sentences below.*

* + - 1. *Les encanta tocar el piano.*
      2. *Mi familia y yo nos gusta ir al cine.*
      3. *Me interesa ver la tele.*
      4. *Le gusta tomar fotos.*
      5. *Te encanta dibujar.*

**Uses of Present Tense**

The Spanish present tense is used to express general actions or states. IE: *¿Dónde trabajas?* Where do you work? *Trabajo en la oficina.* I work in the office.

It can also express actions going on at the present time. IE: *Los chicos juegan.* The kids are playing.

Spanish can use the present tense to express future time when another element of the sentence makes it clear that the verb is referring to the future. IE: *¿A qué hora llegan mañana?* What time are you arriving tomorrow? *Llegamos a las diez.* We’re arriving at ten.