**Class #1**

***El Vocabulario* / Vocabulary**

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| ***Saludos y Frases Comunes*** | **Common Greetings and Phrases** |
| *buenos días* | good morning |
| *buenas tardes* | good afternoon |
| *buenas noches* | good evening/night |
| *¿cómo estás? / ¿cómo está usted?* | How are you? (informal/formal) |
| *tú / usted* | you (informal/formal) |
| *estoy bien/mal* | I’m good/bad |
| *¿Qué tal?* | What’s up? |
| *hola* | hello |
| *adios* | goodbye |
| *hasta luego* | see you later |
| *hasta la vista* | until we see each other again |
| *hasta pronto* | see you soon |
| *hasta mañana* | see you tomorrow |
| *¿Cómo te llamas?/¿Cómo se llama?* | What is your name? (informal/formal) |
| *Me llamo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.* | My name is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. |
| *¿Dónde estás?* | Where are you? |
| *¿Dónde está(n)…?*  | Where is/are…? |
| *disculpe*  | excuse me/I’m sorry |
| *perdón*  | excuse me, pardon me |
| *con permiso* | excuse me (as you pass by someone) |
| *¿Qué hora es?* | What time is it? |
| *¿Puede(s) ayudarme?* | Can you help me? |
| ***Vocabulario de Viajar*** | **Travel Vocabulary** |
| *el boleto* | ticket |
| *el avión* | airplane |
| *viajar* | to travel |
| *el pasaporte* | passport |
| *la fila* | line |
| *el asiento* | seat  |
| *el taxi* | Taxi |
| *El coche/el carro* | Car |
| *El autobús* | Bus |
| *La parada de autobús* | Bus stop |
| *El conductor/la conductora* | Bus driver |
| *Los pasajeros* | Passengers |
| *Las monedas* | Coins |
| *La propina* | Tip |
| *La ciudad* | city |
| *alto* | Stop |
| *doble* | Turn around |
| *sigue* | Continue |
| *La derecha* | Right |
| *La izquierda* | Left |
| *El derecho* | Straight |
| *El mapa* | Map |
| *Aquí está…*  | Here is…  |

***Nota Cultural /* Cultural note:**

 Difference between tú/Usted

* **Tú** and **usted** are both Spanish words for “you”, but they each carry a different level of respect.
* **Usted is the more formal version.** It’s used when referring to someone who is an acquaintance, of a higher status, or even simply just older.
* **Tú is informal.** Think of it as a casual use of the word “you”. It finds its way into conversations between friends, family members, and other people you have a social connection with beyond a professional setting.
* The easiest way to determine when to use formal or informal versions of you is to compare it to instances where you would use “sir” or “madam”. Most of us wouldn’t address our boss informally, nor would we address a stranger on the street like our friends. There is a certain boundary between a formal interaction and an informal one that is innately understood.