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| **SEMANA (week)** | **FECHA (date)** |
| Semana 5 |  |

**1. Continuation verb TENER- TO HAVE and Uses: Click here to practice online with flashcards and interactive games on Quizlet** [**TENER -to have**](https://quizlet.com/991630563/flashcards?funnelUUID=df526133-9e31-45de-8e79-b7cc0d09d7b4)

1.

**Singular Plural**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| yo | tengo | nosotros  nosotras | tenemos |
| tú | **tienes** | ustedes | **tienen** |
| él,ella  usted | **tiene** | ellos  ellas | **tienen** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Age/ edad | Tengo 20 años. (I´m 20 years old.)  Mi hijo tiene 2 años. (My son is 2 years old.) |
| 1. Assets / Property | Tengo una casa. (I have a house.)  Tengo 2 carros. (I have 2 cars.) |
| 1. Characteristics | Tengo pelo café. (I have brown hair.)  La blusa tiene 2 bolsas. (The blouse has 2 pockets.)  La caja tiene 5” de largo (The box is 5” long.) |
| 1. States and needs/ Estados de ánimo y necesidades | Tengo sueño. (I’m sleepy.)  Tengo dolor de… (I have a pain in….)  Tengo hambre. (I’m hungry.)  Tengo ganas de pastel. (I feel like having cake.) |
| 1. Obligacion | Tengo que bañarme. (I have to take a shower.)  Tengo una junta. (I have a meeting.)  Tengo que hacer la cena. (I have to make dinner.) |
| 1. Relationships | Tengo 2 hijos. (I have 2 children.)  Tengo novio. (I have a boyfriend.) |

***3. El Vocabulario* – Vocabulary: Food and Dining. Click here to practice online with flashcards and interactive games on Quizlet** [**La comida: food vocabulary**](https://quizlet.com/991632991/flashcards?funnelUUID=bd7400f5-5e12-4036-a15b-ea930dfc49c1)

**Builder Phrases: Dining Out**

1. **¿Cuánto cuesta?** How much is it? **¿Cuánto cuestan?** How much are they?
2. **¿Qué le gustaría para comer?** What would you like to eat?
3. **Me gustaría…** I would like… **Me gusta…** I like… **No me gusta…** I don’t like…
4. **¿Tiene\_\_\_\_\_?** Do you have\_\_\_\_\_\_? **¿Qué tiene para\_\_\_\_\_\_?** What do you have for\_\_\_\_?
5. **¡Qué rico!** Delicious! **Bueno** Good **Malo** Bad (as it refers to food)
6. **¿Hay….?** Is/Are there any….?  **¿No hay?** There is not…?
7. **¿La cuenta por favor?** The check please? **¿Cuánto es?** How much is it?
8. **Precio** Price, **costo** cost, **cambio** exchange, **descuento** discount
9. **Pago en efectivo.** Pay with cash., **Pago con tarjeta de crédito.** Pay with credit card.
10. **Buen provecho/ Provecho** Enjoy your meal.
11. **Vamos a desayunar, comer, cenar** Let’s go to have breakfast, lunch, dinner,
12. **Tengo hambre** I’m hungry
13. **Por favor** Please, **Gracias** thank you

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ***Comida*** | **Food** |
| *el desayuno* | breakfast |
| *el almuerzo* | lunch |
| *la cena* | dinner |
| *la bebida* | drink |
| *el postre* | dessert |
| *los huevos* | eggs |
| *el bocadillo /la merienda* | snack |
| *el pan* | bread |
| *el sándwich* | sandwich |
| *las papas fritas* | chips |
| *las papas a la francesa* | french fries |
| *las verduras* | vegetables |
| *la fruta* | fruit |
| *la sopa* | soup |
| *la ensalada* | salad |
| *el bistec* | beef /steak |
| *el pollo* | chicken |
| *el pescado* | fish |
| *el arroz* | rice |
| *los frijoles* | beans |
| *el café* | coffee |
| *el jugo* | juice |
| *la cerveza* | beer |
| *el agua* | water |
| *la leche* | milk |
| *el helado* | ice cream |
| *el restaurante* | restaurant |
| *y* | and |
| *con* | with |
| *para llevar* | to go |
| *el dólar /los dólares* | dollar /dollars |
| *el centavo /los centavos* | cent /cents |
| *el cambio / el efectivo* | change or cash |

**3. Verbo GUSTAR/ Verb TO LIKE** [**Video me gusta**](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5jRouoB2S_0)

A chart with red arrows pointing to different languages

Description automatically generated

The verb ***gustar*** means “to please”. Use it to express that someone ***likes*** something

**Negatives:** To answer a question negatively in Spanish, you often use *no* twice.



The first *no* answers the question. The second *no* is used to express don’t.

In spanish you do use double negatives.

* ¿Te gusta el café? No, **no** me gusta. Do you like coffee? No, I **don´t.**
* ¿Te gusta el pescado? No, **no** me gusta para **nada**. Do you like fish? No, I **don´t** like it **at all.**
* **No** me gusta **ni** la sopa ***ni*** la ensalada. I **don’t** like **neither** soup **nor** salad.

**Expressing agreement or disagreement:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Type of statement | Example | You agree | You disagree |
| Positive | Me gusta el pollo. | A mí **también** | A mí **no** me gusta |
| Negative | No me gusta el pollo. | A mí **tampoco** | A mí **sí** me gusta |